#### § 1.7 Problem Solving: Interest, Mixture, Constant Rate Applications

#### **Translating Verbal Descriptions into Mathematical Expressions**

# **Example 1:** Write an algebraic expression for the verbal description.

- a) The length of a rectangle is four times its width.
- b) Five times a number, decreased by 3.

**Example 2:** Solve for the indicated variable. a) P = 21 + 2w (for 1). b)  $V = 1 \cdot w \cdot h$  (for w)

## **Solving Applied Problems**

- Step 1: Read the problem thoroughly.
- Step 2: Give one unknown quantity a variable name and write it down.
- Step 3: Draw a picture or make a chart to show the information. (If applicable).
- Step 4: Write all other unknowns in terms of the variable.
- Step 5: Write an equation in one variable.
- Step 6: Solve the equation.
- Step 7: Check the solution in the words of the problem to be sure it makes sense.

## **Simple Interest Problems**

If a principal of **P** dollars is borrowed for a period of **t** years at a interest rate **r**, the interest **I** charged is I = Prt

**Example 3:** Suppose that Juanita borrows \$500 for 6 months at the simple interest rate of 9% per year. What is the interest that she will be charged on the loan? How much does Juanita owe after 6 months?

#### **Solve Mixture Problems**

These problems combine two or more quantities to form a mixture.

### Example 4:

The manager of a Starbucks store decides to experiment with a new blend of coffee. She will mix some B grade Colombian coffee that sells for \$5 per pound with some A grade Arabica coffee that sells for \$10 per pound to get 100 pounds of the new blend. The selling price of the new blend is to be \$7 per pound, and there is to be no difference in revenue from selling the new blend versus selling the other types. How many pounds of the B grade Colombian and A grade Arabica coffees are required?

## **Solve Constant Rate Job Problems**

If a "machine" can perform a task in 5 hours, then it completes  $\frac{1}{5}$  of the task each hour. This is the machine's **work rate**. The combined work rate of two or more "machines" is the sum of their individual work rates.

## Example 5:

At 10 AM Danny is asked by his father to weed the garden. From past experience, Danny knows that this will take him 4 hours, working alone. His older brother, Mike, when it is his turn to do the job, requires 6 hours. Since Mike wants to go golfing with Danny and has a reservation for 1 PM, he agrees to help Danny. Assuming no gain or loss of efficiency, when will they finish if they work together? Can they make the golf date?