## § 9.4 Area of a Triangle

Area of a Triangle (SAS) - The area of triangle ABC is one-half the product of the lengths of any two sides and the sine of the included angle.

$$
\mathrm{K}=\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{bc} \sin \mathrm{~A}=\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ab} \sin \mathrm{C}=\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ac} \sin \mathrm{~B}
$$

Example 1 Find the area K of a triangular lot having two sides of lengths 8 meters and 6 meters and an included angle of $30^{\circ}$.

Heron's Formula (SSS )- If a, b and c are the lengths of the sides of a triangle, then the area of the triangle is

$$
\text { Area }=\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)} \quad \text { where } s=\frac{1}{2}(a+b+c)
$$

Example 2 Find the area of a triangle having sides of lengths $\mathrm{a}=4$ meters, $\mathrm{b}=5$ meters, and $\mathrm{c}=7$ meters.

